
Exercise 1

In this exercise, we review some bit manipulation techniques.

Exercise 1 a)

Perform the following bit computations by hand:

(i) $0110 + 0010$

(ii) $0011 * 0101$

(iii) $1101 \gg 2$

Exercise 1 b)

Explain the two's complement. What is the sum of a positive number and its two's complement?

Exercise 1 c)

What does the following code do, given n is an integer?

```
((n & (n-1)) == 0)
```

Exercise 1 d)

This weeks exercise zip archive contains a file `bitvector/bitvector.cc`. Implement the `setBit` and the `hasZeroBit` member functions of the `Bitvector` class.

Exercise 1 e)

Take a look at the built-in functions that the GCC compiler has to offer. You'll find useful bit manipulation instructions among them.

<https://gcc.gnu.org/onlinedocs/gcc/x86-Built-in-Functions.html>

<https://gcc.gnu.org/onlinedocs/gcc/Other-Builtins.html>

Exercise 2

Let us consider a database with the following schema.

- Customers: `{[id:int, name:char(30), discount:double, country:int]}`
- Countries: `{[id:int, name:char(30), tax:double]}`
- Products: `{[id:int, name:char(30), price:double]}`
- Orders: `{[id:int, customer:int, product:int, quantity:int, date:int, totalPrice:double]}`

Exercise 2 a)

Recall the storage layout variant *row store* and *column store* from the script.

- Represent the database relations from the above schema in row store layout.
- Represent the database relations from the above schema in column store layout.

You do not have to write C++ code. Pseudocode that shows the main difference with respect to data organization and data structures is sufficient.

Exercise 2 b)

Download this exercise's zip archive from the website. The folder `mmdb` contains code that you are asked to complete. The following files are included:

- In `common`, you find a data generator that creates data with a schema as described above, as well as the basic classes representing customers, countries, products and orders (`common/types.hh`).
- In `rowStore`, you find a class `RSDatabase` that implements a simple row store.
- Additionally, in `rowStore`, you find the file `rsMain.cc` that contains a `main` function and orchestrates the flow of the program for the row store.

Implement a column store for the above schema in a class `CSDatabase`. You may use the `RSDatabase` as an orientation. You can use the provided makefile to build the row store database. Warnings like `warning: suggest braces around initialization of subobject [-Wmissing-braces]` can be ignored.

If you would only like to implement the SQL queries in the next sub-task, the zip archive does also contain an implementation for `CSDatabase`.

Exercise 2 c)

Implement the following the SQL queries for both the row store and the column store. Variables preceded by an `$` represent parameters, i.e. only this part of the query must be changeable, the rest can be hard-coded. Hint: Implement each query as a member function of the `RSDatabase` and `CSDatabase` class.

- `select totalPrice from
orders
order by totalPrice desc
fetch first 10 rows only;`
- `select date, sum(totalPrice)
from orders
where date >= $date
group by date;`
- `select c.id, c.name, count(o.id)
from customers c, orders o
where c.id = o.customer
group by c.id, c.name;`
- `update orders
set totalPrice = $totalPrice
where id = $orderId;`